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Release Notes for BayRS Version 15.0.0.0

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Preface

The Nortel Networks* BayRS* Version 15.0.0.0 is a software release that includes bug fixes and new features added since BayRS Version 14.20. These release notes contain guidelines for using BayRS Version 15.0.0.0.

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Release Notes for BayRS Version 15.0.0.0

This document contains the latest information about Nortel Networks BayRS Version 15.0.0.0, including information on the following topics:

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Upgrading to Version 15.0.0.0

To upgrade BayRS to Version 15.0.0.0, see *Upgrading Routers to BayRS Version 14.xx*, in your upgrade package. In addition, read the following sections.

Upgrading FireWall-1 Configurations

To upgrade FireWall-1* from a BayRS version earlier than 13.20, complete the following steps.

Note: If you are currently running Firewall-1 from BayRS Version 13.20 or higher and want to upgrade to BayRS Version 15.0.0.0, you do not have to follow these steps. Firewall-1 is not supported on the Passport* 2430 and Passport 5430 platforms.

1. **Familiarize yourself with the Bay Command Console (BCC*).**

   Starting with BayRS Version 13.20, FireWall-1 no longer supports Site Manager as a configuration tool. You must use the BCC to manage and configure FireWall-1. For basic information about using the BCC, see *Using the Bay Command Console (BCC)*.

2. **Make sure that you will not lose access to your router.**

   When you upgrade to BayRS Version 15.0.0.0, once you boot your router, the Version 15.0.0.0 software invokes the default FireWall-1 security policy. This default security policy drops all attempts at communication with the router.

   If you manage a router at a remote location, you will no longer be able to gain access to the router through the WAN connection. Before you upgrade, make sure that you can gain access to the router by dialing in through the console port, or that there is someone at the remote location who can configure the router.

3. **Reboot the router with BayRS Version 15.0.0.0, using an existing configuration file.**

4. **Use the BCC to reenable FireWall-1 on each IP interface.**

   To reenable FireWall-1 on each IP interface, use the BCC to navigate to the prompt for the slot/connector on which you have configured the IP interface (for example, **box; eth 2/2**). Then enter:

   ip address *<ip_address>* **mask** *<address_mask>*

   ip_address is the IP address you have assigned to the interface.

   address_mask is the mask associated with the IP address.

   The prompt for the IP interface appears.

   For example, the following command invokes the prompt for IP interface 2.2.2.2/255.0.0.0 (which has been configured on Ethernet slot 2, connector 2):

   ```
   ethernet/2/2# ip address 2.2.2.2 mask 255.0.0.0
   ip/2.2.2.2/255.0.0.0#
   ```

   At the prompt for the IP interface, enter the following command to reenable FireWall-1:

   firewall

   The firewall prompt appears.

   For example, the following command reenables FireWall-1 on the IP interface 2.2.2.2/255.0.0.0:

   ```
   ip/2.2.2.2/255.0.0.0# firewall
   firewall/2.2.2.2#
   ```

5. **To use FireWall-1 on more than 32 circuits, set the policy index number for each IP interface.**

   The policy index allows multiple circuits to share the same instance of FireWall-1. You can have up to 32 instances of FireWall-1, with many circuits making up each FireWall-1 instance. All circuits in a grouping must share the same security policy.

   By default, the policy index for a circuit is equal to the circuit number. If you are using FireWall-1 on fewer than 33 circuits, you do not have to use policy indexes.

   If you are using FireWall-1 on more than 32 circuits, group circuits that share the same security policy. Then, set the policy index on each circuit in a group to the same value.

For example, suppose you want to use FireWall-1 on 40 circuits. The first five circuits share one security policy; the next 35 share a different security policy. Using the BCC, assign policy index 1 to the first five circuits and policy index 2 to the next 35 circuits. You then have a total of 40 firewall circuits on the router, with two policy index values and two security policies.

Note: If you do not use policy index values and you configure more than 32 circuits on the router, all IP forwarding is disabled on circuits after the 32nd. If you use policy index values, but configure more than 32 policy index groupings, all circuits assigned policy indexes after the 32nd will have all IP forwarding disabled. The router logs warning messages that can help you determine whether you have any circuits on which all IP forwarding is disabled.

The Check Point log viewer treats circuits that share a policy index as one circuit.

If you are running FireWall-1 on more than 32 circuits and you therefore need to set the policy index value, use the BCC to navigate to the firewall prompt, as described in step 4. Then enter:

policy-index *<value>*

value is the index value, from 1 to 1023.

For example, the following command sets the policy index to 1:

```
firewall/2.2.2.2# policy-index 1
firewall/2.2.2.2#
```

6. **Save the configuration file and reboot the router.**

7. **Reinstall the security policy.**

   Since you previously defined a security policy (using the earlier version of BaySecure FireWall-1), you do not need to define it again. However, you must reinstall it in on the router. For complete instructions on how to install the security policy, see your Check Point FireWall-1 documentation.

   If you want to install different security policies for different policy indexes, use the Check Point FireWall-1 command line interface to enter the following command:

   fw load ../conf/*<config_file>* **pol***<policy_index_number>***@***<router_name>*

For example, the following command specifies that the system install the security policy in the configuration file *drop_ftp* on policy index number 1 on the router named *asn1*:

fw load ../conf/drop_ftp pol1@asn1

Upgrading ATM Configurations

If you are upgrading from a BayRS version earlier than 12.20 and you defined log event traps for asynchronous transfer mode (ATM), ATM signaling, or ATM LAN emulation, you must redefine these traps.

The ATM, ATM signaling, and ATM LAN emulation log event messages changed in BayRS Version 12.20. The ATM_SIG entity (entity #95) no longer exists as a separate entity. We have combined the ATM_SIG entity with the ATM entity (entity #78). Combining and reorganizing these entities resulted in changes to the ATM log event message numbers. We added new log events to the ATM_LE entity (entity #100), resulting in log event message number changes for LAN emulation as well.

You can view the new and modified ATM log event messages in the event database on the BayRS Online Library Version 15.0.0.0 CD, or on the World Wide Web at this URL:

http://www25.nortelnetworks.com/library/tpubs/events/

Upgrading L2TP Configurations

If you have a BayRS Version 12.10 configuration file that includes L2TP operating on a router using BayRS Version 15.0.0.0, the router automatically upgrades the assigned user network addresses to L2TP IP interface addresses. L2TP IP interface addresses are internal to the router. When communicating with the remote user, the router associates the user's IP address with an L2TP IP interface address that you configure.

The user network addresses assigned to Version 12.10 apply to the entire router. In Version 15.0.0.0, each slot has a unique L2TP IP address. Consequently, if the number of configured L2TP slots is greater than the number of configured assigned user network addresses, the router will not be able to upgrade every slot from a Version 12.10 configuration to a Version 15.0.0.0 configuration. For slots that exceed the number of assigned user network addresses, you must manually configure L2TP IP interface addresses. To do this, delete L2TP from the slot, and then configure a new L2TP interface. Each slot must have L2TP IP interface addresses.

If the number of configured L2TP slots is less than or equal to the number of configured assigned user network addresses, the router automatically converts all assigned user network addresses to L2TP IP addresses.

Upgrading OSPF Configurations

When you upgrade BayRS from releases earlier than Version 12.20, there must not be an open shortest path first maximum transmission unit (OSPF MTU) interface mismatch. If a mismatch exists, adjacencies will not form between upgraded routers. All the OSPF routers forming adjacencies on a segment (broadcast, point-to-point [PPP], Point-to-Multipoint, or nonbroadcast multi-access [NBMA]) should have the same OSPF MTU size. You configure the OSPF MTU size through the MTU Size parameter in the OSPF Interfaces window in Site Manager.

BayRS Versions 14.00 and later comply with RFC 2328, which requires the OSPF MTU size feature.

Upgrading Static Forwarding Policy Filters

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) static forwarding policy filters that you created in versions earlier than Site Manager Version 7.20 will not work correctly using Site Manager Version 7.20. To use these IGMP static forwarding policy filters, you must re-create them. For information about creating IGMP static forwarding policy filters, see *Configuring IP Multicasting and Multimedia Services*.

Upgrading IP Route Filters

If you have configured IP route filters and then disabled those filters (rather than deleted them), when you upgrade to Version 15.0.0.0 from a version earlier than 14.00, the filters will be re-enabled. You must disable the filters again after the upgrade is complete. If you do not want to use the filters, you might want to consider deleting them before you upgrade to Version 15.0.0.0.

New Features

The following sections provide brief descriptions of the new features in BayRS Version 15.0.0.0.

ARP – Percentage of ARP Buffer

The default value for the Percentage of ARP Buffer parameter (**arp-buf-limit** using the BCC) has been changed from 100 to 75 to prevent an out of buffer fault condition on the router when an ARP storm occurs in the network.

Circuitless IP 32-Bit Mask

BayRS 15.0.0.0 now enables you to configure a 32-bit mask for an IP circuitless interface using the BCC. This feature cannot be configured using Site Manager.

For more information, see *Configuring IP, ARP, RARP, RIP, and OSPF Services*.

Frame Relay – Disable PVC Override Switch Status

A new option has been added to the Set Circuit State parameter (**vc-state** using the BCC) which communicates the administrative state of a PVC to a frame relay switch. The new Disabled option allows you to disable a frame relay PVC that has been incorrectly started. You can configure this parameter using either Site Manager or the BCC. The default value for this parameter has also been changed from Active to Invalid.

For more information, see *Configuring Frame Relay Services*.

Protocol Priority Queuing for ATM Services

BayRS 15.0.0.0 enables you to configure protocol priority for ATM services at the service record level as well as at the interface level. Configuring protocol priority at the service record level lets you prioritize ATM traffic individually for each service, providing increased traffic management control. Protocol prioritization (priority queuing) implemented for ATM services at the driver/interface level enables you to prioritize traffic going out of an ATM interface. Protocol prioritization implemented at the service record level enables you to prioritize traffic going out of individual VCs.

When priority queuing is enabled at both levels, you can override the interface level outbound traffic filters so that only the service record level filters are applied. This feature is useful when certain filter definitions satisfy the requirements of all except a few ATM services. In these cases, you can define generic filters at the interface level, define specific filters at the service record level for those few exceptional ATM services, and then enable the service level filter override.

For BCN and BLN routers, you can configure ATM protocol priority at the interface level as well as at the VC level. For these routers, you can configure ATM service records on three types of virtual circuits (VCs):

- Permanent virtual circuits (PVCs)
- Switched virtual circuits (SVCs)
- WAN SVCs

Note: This feature is not supported on the 5780 ATM Router Module or the 5782 Centillion Multiprotocol Engine for System 5000.

For the Passport 5430, you can configure ATM protocol priority only at the service record level. For the Passport 5430, you can configure ATM service records on PVCs only.

For more information, see *Configuring Traffic Filters and Protocol Prioritization* and *Configuring ATM Services*.

Broadcast Storms Control Support

BayRS 15.0.0.0 now enables you to control broadcast storms by preventing a network interface from incorrectly forwarding a packet with a MAC address on an Ethernet LAN. You can configure this feature using the Technician Interface by setting the MIB object ID **WfIpCfgDropMacBrodcast** using the **set**, **commit**, and **save** commands.

For more information, see *Configuring Ethernet, FDDI, and Token Ring Services*.

JAM Port (Panther 4.2)

BayRS 15.0.0.0 upgrades Jam Port Panther 4.x screens and the router software. This enhancement upgrades all Site Manager windows, menus, and make files but does not alter the appearance or actions at the Site Manager user interface from those of previous versions.

For more information, see *Release Notes for Site Manager Software Version 15.0.0.0*.

Support for Non-Compliant Implementations of PIM

BayRS 15.0.0.0 enhances the ability of Nortel Networks routers to interoperate with routers running non-compliant implementations of PIM. The RFC2362 Non-Compliance parameter in Site Manager (formerly the Cisco* Compatibility parameter) has been enhanced to allow you to configure the following three non-compliant implementations of PIM:

- Allow the fragment tag in bootstrap messages to be 0 (zero).
- Set a non-zero prefix count in RP advertisement messages.
- Compute checksum on the PIM header and data portion of the register packet.

By default, Nortel Networks routers comply with the standard PIM specification defined in RFC 2362.

See “Interoperability with Non-Compliant Implementations of PIM” on page 33 for related guidelines. For more information, see *Configuring Traffic Filters and Protocol Prioritization and Configuring ARM Services*.

BCC Guidelines

The BCC is a command-line interface for configuring Nortel Networks devices.

Before using the BCC, see the following guidelines for using the software and the platforms, protocols, interfaces, and hardware modules that the BCC supports.

BCC and BayRS Compatibility

Starting with BayRS Version 14.00, the BCC software version number matches that of BayRS. For example, the version for both BCC and BayRS is 15.0.0.0. We have made this change to help you align versions of BCC with versions of BayRS.

Setting the Impedance Value for the Passport 2430

The Passport 2430 can accommodate either BNC (requires 75 ohm impedance) or RJ45 (requires 120 ohm impedance) connectors. You can use the BCC to set the impedance-value attribute to either 75 ohms or 120 ohms.

To set the impedance value on the FE1 interface, go to the FE1 prompt (for example, **box; fe1**) and enter:

impedance-value *<value>*

value is one of the following:

rj45-120-ohms (default)
bnc-75-ohms

For example, the following command sets the impedance value to 75 ohms for this interface on the router:

```
fe1/1/1# impedance-value bnc-75-ohms
fe1/1/1#
```

Creating FTP from the BCC

From the BCC, if you create FTP on the router, then delete it and re-create it, the BCC faults. In this case, you must restart the BCC and create FTP on the router again.

Deleting Interfaces with the BCC

Before using the BCC to delete an interface, make sure that you did not use Site Manager to configure the interface with a protocol that the BCC does not recognize. If you did, use Site Manager to delete the interface.

Memory Requirements

To use the BCC, each slot on the router must have:

- 16 MB of dynamic RAM (DRAM)
- 2 MB of free memory available when you start the BCC

If you try to start the BCC with insufficient DRAM or free memory on a slot, the BCC returns the following message. In this case, you must use Site Manager instead of the BCC to configure the router.

```
**Error** Unable to load bcc command from file system.
Loadable Module: bcc.exe
```

Platforms Supported

The BCC runs on AN*, ANH, ARN, ASN, Passport 2430, Passport 5430, System 5000, and BN* platforms including ARE, FRE-2, and FRE-4 processor modules.

Interfaces Supported

You can use BCC commands to configure the following interfaces:

- ATM
- Console
- DCM
- DSU/CSU
- Ethernet
- FDDI
- FE1
- FT1
- HSSI
- ISDN/BRI

- MCE1/MCT1
- Serial (synchronous)
- Token ring
- Virtual (referred to in Site Manager as Circuitless IP)

Table 1 through Table 7 on pages 14 through 21 list the link and net modules that the BCC supports.

Protocols Supported

You can use BCC commands to configure the following protocols and services:

- Access (multiuser access accounts)
- ARP
- ATM
- BGP (including accept and announce policies)
- Data compression (WCP and Hi/fn)
- Dial backup
- Dial-on-demand
- DLSw
- DNS
- DVMRP (including accept and announce policies)
- FireWall-1
- Frame relay (multilink not supported)
- FTP
- GRE
- HTTP
- IGMP
- IP (including accept policies, adjacent hosts, static routes, and traffic filters)
- IPX (including static-netbios-route)
- IPXWAN
- LLC2
- MPOA
- NAT
- NHRP

- NTP
- OSPF (including accept and announce policies)
- PPP (certain line parameters only; no multiline or multilink supported)
- Proprietary Standard Point-to-Point
- RADIUS
- RIP (including accept and announce policies)
- Router discovery (RDISC)
- SDLC
- SNMP
- Source route bridge
- Spanning tree
- Syslog
- Telnet
- TFTP
- Transparent Bridge
- VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol)

Identifying Board Types

Table 1 through Table 7 identify the board type parameter values displayed by the BCC.

Note: You cannot use BCC commands to configure an X.25 PAD or V.34 console modem daughterboard for the ARN router. Use Site Manager to configure these daughterboards.

Inserting a daughterboard into an AN base module redefines its module ID and board type.

AN and ANH Board Types

Table 1 lists the AN and ANH board types.

Table 1. BCC Board Types: AN and ANH Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
andeds	1033	AN-ENET (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports)
andedsg	1050	ANH-8 (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub active for the first Ethernet port
andedsh	1035	ANH-12 (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
andedst	1034	AN-ENET (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
andst	1037	AN-TOKEN (2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
andstc	1091	AN-TOKEN with CSU/DSU (2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
andsti	1038	AN-TOKEN with ISDN (2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
ansdsedst	1041	AN-ENET/TOKEN (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
anseds	1024	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedsc	1090	AN-ENET with CSU/DSU (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports)
ansedsf	1100	AN-ENET with T1/FT1 (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports)
ansedsg	1047	ANH-8 (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansedsgc	1094	ANH-8 with CSU/DSU (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansedsgf	1108	ANH-8 with T1/FT1 (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansedsgi	1051	ANH-8 with ISDN (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansedsgj	1127	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansedsgjx	1137	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) and an 8-port Ethernet hub and DCM
ansedsgx	1048	ANH-8 with DCM (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub

(continued)

Table 1. BCC Board Types: AN and ANH Modules *(continued)*

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
ansedsh	1026	ANH-12 (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansedshc	1093	ANH-12 with CSU/DSU (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansedshf	1106	ANH-12 with T1/FT1 (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansedshi	1029	ANH-12 with ISDN (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansedshj	1125	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansedshjx	1136	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) and a 12-port Ethernet hub and DCM
ansedsi	1027	AN-ENET with ISDN (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedsj	1119	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedsjx	1133	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 fractional E1 port) with 16 MB DRAM and DCM
ansedst	1025	AN-ENET/TOKEN (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedstc	1092	AN-ENET/TOKEN with CSU/DSU (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
ansedsti	1028	AN-ENET/TOKEN with ISDN (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
ansedstj	1123	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 3 fractional E1 ports) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedstjx	1135	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 3 fractional E1 ports) with 16 MB DRAM and DCM
ansedstx	1058	AN-ENET/TOKEN with DCM (1 Ethernet port, 2 serial ports, 1 token ring port) with 16 MB DRAM
ansedsx	1055	AN-ENET with DCM (2 Ethernet ports, 2 serial ports)
ansets	1030	AN-ENET (1 Ethernet port, 3 serial ports) with 16 MB DRAM

(continued)

Table 1. BCC Board Types: AN and ANH Modules *(continued)*

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
ansetsg	1049	ANH-8 (1 Ethernet port, 3 serial ports) and an 8-port Ethernet hub
ansetsh	1032	ANH-12 (1 Ethernet port, 3 serial ports) and a 12-port Ethernet hub
ansetst	1031	AN-ETS (1 Ethernet port, 3 serial ports, 1 token ring port)
antst	1039	AN-TOKEN (3 serial ports, 1 token ring port)

ARN Board Types

Table 2 lists the ARN board types.

Table 2. BCC Board Types: ARN Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
arn7sync	8873	ARN Seven-Port Serial Expansion Module
arndcsu	8768	ARN 56/64K DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arne7sync	8872	ARN Seven-Port Serial Expansion Module, with 1 Ethernet Port
arnentsync	8864	ARN Ethernet and Tri-Serial Expansion Module
arnfe1	8780	E1/FE1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnft1	8776	T1/FT1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnis	8784	ARN ISDN BRI S/T Adapter Module
arnisdnu	8800	ARN ISDN BRI U Adapter Module
arnmbenx10	8896	ARN Ethernet Base Module xxMB DRAM with DCM
arnmbsen	8720	ARN Ethernet Base Module with 0, 4, 8, 16, or 32 DRAM
arbnbsfetx	8728	ARN 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet Module
arnmbsfefx	8729	ARN 100BASE-FX Ethernet Module
arnmbstr	8704	ARN Token Ring Base Module with 0, 8, 16, or 32 MB DRAM
arnpbenx10	8928	ARN Ethernet Expansion Module with DCM
arnpbtenx10	8960	ARN Ethernet and Tri-Serial Expansion Module with DCM

(continued)

Table 2. BCC Board Types: ARN Modules *(continued)*

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
arnsenet	8832	ARN Ethernet Port Expansion Module
arnssync	8736	ARN Serial Adapter Module
arnstkrg	8816	ARN Token Ring Expansion Module
arntrtsync	8880	ARN Token Ring and Tri-Serial Expansion Module
arntsync	8848	ARN Tri-Serial Port Expansion Module

ASN Board Types

Table 3 lists the ASN board types.

Table 3. BCC Board Types: ASN Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
asnqbri	2560	Quad BRI Net Module
denm	1280	Dual Port Ethernet Net Module
dmct1nm	2944	Dual Port MCT1 Net Module
dsnm1n	1540	Dual Port Synchronous Net Module
dsnm1nisdn	1588	ISDN BRI/Dual Sync Net Module
dtnm	2048	Dual Port Token Ring Net Module
mce1nm	2816	MCE1 Net Module
mmasmbdas	1833	Hybrid PHY B FDDI Net Module
mmfsddas	1793	Multimode FDDI Net Module
qsyncm	1664	Quad Port Synchronous Net Module
se100nm	2304	100BASE-T Ethernet Net Module
shssinm	3584	HSSI Net Module
smammbdas	1825	Hybrid PHY A FDDI Net Module
smfsddas	1801	Single Mode FDDI Net Module
spex	512	SPEX Net Module
spexhsd	769	SPEX Hot Swap Net Module

BLN and BCN Board Types

Table 4 lists the BLN* and BCN* board types.

Table 4. BCC Board Types: BLN and BCN Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Site Manager Model Number	Description
atmcds3	5120	AG13110115	ATM DS-3
atmce3	5121	AG13110114	ATM E3
atmcoc3mm	4608	AG13110112	ATM STS-3/STM-1 MMF
atmcoc3sm	4609	AG13110113	ATM STS-3/STM-1 SMF
comp	4353	AG2104037	Octal Sync with 32-context compression daughterboard
comp128	4354	AG2104038	Octal Sync with 128-context compression daughterboard
de100	4864	50038	100BASE-T Ethernet
dst416	40	5740	Dual Sync with token ring
dtok	176	5710	Dual token ring
enet3	132	5505	Dual Ethernet
esaf	236	5531	Dual Sync Dual Ethernet with 2-CAM filters
		5532	Dual Sync Dual Ethernet with 6-CAM filters
esafnf	232	5431	Dual Sync Dual Ethernet without hardware filters
gigenet	6400		Gigabit Ethernet-SX link module
gigenetlx	6401		Gigabit Ethernet-LX link module
mce1ii120	190	AG2111002	120-ohm Dual Port Multichannel E1 (MCE1-II) for ISDN PRI and Leased Line
mce1ii75	188	AG2111004	75-ohm Dual Port Multichannel E1 (MCE1-II) for 75-ohm Leased Line
mct1	168	5945	Dual Port MCT1
osync	4352	5008	Octal Sync
qef	164	5950	Quad Ethernet with hardware filters
qenf	162	5450	Quad Ethernet without hardware filters
qmct1db15	5377	AG2111007	Quad Port MCT1 DB15

(continued)

Table 4. BCC Board Types: BLN and BCN Modules *(continued)*

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Site Manager Model Number	Description
qmct1ds0a	5378	AG2104052	Quad Port MCT1 DB15 with DS0A
qtok	256	50021	Quad token ring
shssi	225	5295	HSSI
smce1ii120	191	AG2111001	120-ohm Single Port Multichannel E1 (MCE1-II) for ISDN PRI and Leased Line
smce1ii75	189	AG2111003	75-ohm Single Port Multichannel E1 (MCE1-II) for 75-ohm Leased Line
smct1	169	5944	Single Port MCT1
sqe100	6144		Quad 100BASE-TX link module
sqe100fx	6145		Quad 100BASE-FX link module
sse	118	5410	Single Sync with Ethernet
sync	80	5280	Quad Sync
wffddi1m	193	5943	Hybrid FDDI with single mode on connector B
wffddi1mf	197	5949	Hybrid FDDI with single mode on connector B and with hardware filters
wffddi1s	195	5942	Hybrid FDDI with single mode on connector A
wffddi1sf	199	5948	Hybrid FDDI with single mode on connector A and with hardware filters
wffddi2m	192	5930	Multimode FDDI
wffddi2mf	196	5946	Multimode FDDI with hardware filters
wffddi2s	194	5940	Single Mode FDDI
wffddi2sf	198	5947	Single Mode FDDI with hardware filters

Passport 2430 Board Types

Table 5 lists the Passport 2430 board types.

Table 5. BCC Board Types: Passport 2430 Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
arndcsu	8768	56/64K DSU/CSU Module
arnfe1	8780	E1/FE1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnft1	8776	T1/FT1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnisdns	8784	ARN ISDN BRI S/T Adapter Module
arnisdnu	8800	ARN ISDN BRI U Adapter Module
arnmbsfetx	8728	ARN 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet Module
arnssync	8736	ARN Serial Adapter Module
arnv34	8752	ARN V34 Modem Module

Passport 5430 Board Types

Table 6 lists the Passport 5430 board types.

Table 6. BCC Board Types: Passport 5430 Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
arndcsu	8768	56/64K DSU/CSU Module
arnfe1	8780	E1/FE1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnft1	8776	T1/FT1 DSU/CSU Adapter Module
arnisdns	8784	ARN ISDN BRI S/T Adapter Module
arnisdnu	8800	ARN ISDN BRI U Adapter Module
arnssync	8736	ARN Serial Adapter Module
arnv34	8752	ARN V34 Modem Module
ds1e1atm	8160	DS1/E1 ATM
fbrmbdfen	8000	FBR Ethernet Module

System 5000 Board Types

Table 7 lists the System 5000 board types.

Table 7. BCC Board Types: System 5000 Modules

BCC Board Type	Technician Interface or MIB Module ID	Description
asnqbri	2560	Router Quad Port ISDN BRI Net Module
atm5000bh	524544	Centillion Multiprotocol Engine
denm	1280	Router Dual Ethernet Net Module
dmct1nm	2944	Router Dual Port MCT1 Net Module
dsnm1n	1540	Router Dual Synchronous Net Module
dtnm	2048	Router Dual Token Ring Net Module
iqe	1408	5380 Ethernet Router Module
mce1nm	2816	Router MCE1 Net Module
mmasmbdas	1833	Router Hybrid PHY B FDDI Net Module
mmfsddas	1793	Router Multimode FDDI Net Module
qsyncnm	1664	Router Quad Port Synchronous Net Module
se100nm	2304	Router 100BASE-T Ethernet Net Module
shssinm	3584	Router HSSI Net Module
smammbdas	1825	Router Hybrid PHY A FDDI Net Module
smfsddas	1801	Router Single Mode FDDI Net Module

Technician Interface Guidelines

The Technician Interface is a command-line interface that Nortel Networks support technicians can use to troubleshoot and configure Nortel Networks devices.

We provide this section as an interim supplement to one or more of the following Technician Interface books:

- *Using Technician Interface Scripts*
- *Using Technician Interface Software*
- *Writing Technician Interface Scripts*

This information will appear in the Release Notes until we integrate it in to the next released version of the associated Technician Interface book.

Using Scripts and Aliases to Dynamically Configure a Router

Use of rapid-fire scripts or aliases to dynamically set a router's configuration via the MIBs can put the router into a corrupted state and cause connectivity issues. When you use the Technician Interface to launch scripts or aliases to configure the router be sure to include pauses (one to two seconds) to allow sufficient time for the router to make the required changes to the MIBs.

Diagnostics On/Off Option for ARN, Passport 2340, and Passport 5430

For ARN, Passport 2430 and Passport 5430 platforms *only*, the Technician Interface **diags** command supports an option to enable or disable diagnostics, effective the next time you cycle power on the router. Disabling the diagnostics results in a faster boot time, but leaves the hardware components unverified. The syntax for this option is as follows:

diags [**- on|off**] [*<slot_id>*]

Setting Default Route Cost Using the Technician Interface

When the routing table does not contain the route to a particular destination address, the router looks for a default route. As it does for any other route, the routing table either acquires the default route dynamically (through a routing protocol), or you can enter the default route statically.

You can use the Technician Interface to set the wfRipIntfDefaultRouteCost (RIP default route cost) MIB attribute. This attribute interacts with the Site Manager parameter Default Route Supply or BCC parameter default-supply in one of two ways:

- If you select Enable for Default Route Supply or default-supply, RIP advertises the default route cost you set for wfRipIntfDefaultRouteCost attribute *plus* the default route learned from the network.
- If you select Generate for Default Route Supply or default-supply, RIP advertises the default route cost you set for wfRipIntfDefaultRouteCost.

For additional information, see "Supplying a Default Route on an Interface" in *Configuring IP, ARP, RARP, RIP and OSPF Services*.

With the Technician Interface, enter the following commands to set the wfRipIntfDefaultRouteCost (RIP default route cost) attribute:

set wfRipIntfDefaultRouteCost *<value>*

value is any integer from 0 through 15. The default value is 1.

commit

save config *<vol>: <filename>*

You must have Manager access to issue a **set** command. The **commit** command causes the changes you made to the configuration to take effect in active memory, but not in flash memory. The **save config** command saves changes to a configuration file (config) and flash volume on the router.

General Guidelines

The following guidelines supplement the instructions in the BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 documentation set.

Using Both Site Manager and the BCC

You can use either Site Manager or the BCC to manage Nortel Networks routers. If you want to use both tools, follow these guidelines:

- Do not try to use both Site Manager and the BCC to manage a single router at the same time. You are prohibited from doing so with a lock-out mechanism.
- Site Manager cannot understand traffic filters you configured using the BCC.
- Site Manager configuration files that contain the / (forward slash) character in any of the ASCII text inputs (for example, Unnumbered CCT Name) cause an error when viewed in the BCC using the **show config -all** command. This error halts printing of the text parameter at the / character and displays the message `"Too many BCC ID values"` at the end of the display. To prevent this problem, do not use the / character when entering ASCII text for parameters in Site Manager.

AN/ANH and ARN Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when using AN, ANH, or ARN routers.

Allocating Memory on ARN Routers

Although you can change the default memory allocation on other Nortel Networks router platforms, the ARN platform does not support this “buffer carving” feature.

On the ARN, Site Manager does not support the Admin > Kernel Configuration option, and the Technician Interface does not support the **set** command for wfKernCfgParamEntry objects. Attempting to set wfKernCfgParamGlobMem on the ARN results in a warning message.

DSU/CSU Test LED Remains On after Reset

The ARN DSU/CSU Test LED properly goes on when the interface enters test or loopback mode. However, the LED remains on after resetting the DSU/CSU module, even though all looping terminates and the module hardware resets.

Restarting the router turns the LED off. However, this action is not necessary for proper operation of the DSU/CSU interface.

Network Booting on DSU/CSU Interfaces

AN and ANH DSU/CSU interfaces do not support network booting.

ARN Router Not a Supported DVS RADIUS Client

The ARN router is not a supported DVS RADIUS client.

Increasing Buffer Size on Non-Token-Ring AN Routers

By default, AN routers without token ring modules installed initialize with a buffer size of 1824 bytes, which makes these ANs unable to accept packets larger than 1590 bytes. To allow ANs without token ring modules to accept larger packets, you can increase the buffer size by setting the MIB variable wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamBufSize to 4800.

For complete instructions on using the Technician Interface to set MIB variables, see *Using Technician Interface Software*. The following example shows Technician Interface commands you might use to reset the MIB variable wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamBufSize to 4800:

```
set wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamDelete.1 1
set wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamBufSize.1 4800
set wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamDelete.1 2
commit
save config 2:config
reset 1
```

To set the buffer size back to its default of 1824 bytes, issue the following command:

```
set wfKernCfgParamEntry.wfKernCfgParamBufSizeReset.1 1
commit
```

ATM Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when configuring ATM:

ATM Half Bridge Support

BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 includes support of the ATM Half Bridge (AHB) feature.

Please be aware that some users, operating under certain conditions, may encounter issues such as the following:

- When AHB caches an unsecure host that it learned via ARP, the associated idle time is 0. The idle time remains at 0 and does not age correctly.
- When you boot a router running AHB, the ARE slot logs a fault message.
- When you reset the AHB, it stops forwarding traffic out of the AHB port.
- If you configure AHB on an ATM null PVC, the router may crash.
- If you configure AHB and add a PVC to the router while another system is sending a ping message to your router, the ARE slot may crash and may begin executing the cold start hardware diagnostics.

Deleting ATM from a Router If Signaling Is Enabled

Do not delete ATM from a router if you enabled signaling on an ATM circuit. Otherwise, Site Manager, the BCC, or the Technician Interface will restart after a few minutes.

Failover and Load Balancing for ATM VCs Not Supported

You can configure multiple ATM virtual circuits (VCs) to the same destination address. However, this kind of configuration does not provide load balancing or failover support.

Aggregate Limitations for Sustainable Cell Rate

The *aggregate* sustainable cell rate (SCR) for all PVCs configured should not exceed 353207 cells per second for ARE OC-3 SONET/SDH ILI pairs. It is advisable to set SCR to less than that to ensure there is sufficient bandwidth for any SVCs that may also be configured on this interface. The SCR is set at the Xmit Sustainable Cell Rate (cells/s) parameter using Site Manager and at the scr parameter using the BCC.

Embedded Web Server Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when using the embedded web server:

Using the Embedded Web Server to Transfer Files

When you use the embedded Web server to transfer files to or from the router, HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) encapsulates the data. You do not need to be concerned with selecting a file format (text or binary, for example) the way you would if you were using FTP (File Transfer Protocol) or TFTP (Trivial File Transfer Protocol) to transfer the files.

For example, to transfer an image file to the router, use your browser's default file format type to transfer the file to the router's flash memory. The file arrives at the router as an image file from which you can boot the router.

Accessing the Embedded Web Server Using Microsoft IE

When you access the embedded Web server using Microsoft Internet Explorer Version 4.72.2106.8, the file page is blank. However, Internet Explorer Version 4.72.3110.8 works correctly. We suggest that you upgrade to Version 4.72.3110.8 or later.

DLSw Guideline

To establish connectivity for NetBIOS Clients where DLSw is configured and attached to a switched environment, enter the following command string using the Technician Interface:

set wfLlcInterfaceEntry.24.*<circuit number>* **2;commit**

Within your set command you must specify the Ethernet *<circuit number>* on the DLSw router where the clients are attached. You should also set the value for the MIB attribute to "2" to force the encapsulation of broadcast packets in the token ring format.

IPsec Guidelines

This section describes guidelines you should follow if you are using Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) services.

IPsec 3DES Performance Considerations

IPsec performance can vary greatly, and IPsec can impact router performance in general. Factors that affect performance are cryptographic algorithms used by IPsec that consume substantial CPU resources, other protocols and features running on the slot that share the same CPU resources as IPsec, and the processing power of the BayRS router.

The following information will help you plan and manage CPU resources in BayRS routers configured with IPsec.

Greater security can adversely affect performance. Before deploying IPsec, identify the data traffic that must be protected. Effective traffic analysis might result in minimal performance impact on the router. Configure IPsec to bypass traffic that does not need to be protected, thereby reducing the CPU resources used. Also, the amount of CPU resources required varies significantly for different encryption and authentication algorithms.

These algorithms are listed in order of increasing CPU consumption and security:

- MD5
- SHA1
- DES
- DES with MD5
- DES with SHA1
- 3DES
- 3DES with MD5
- 3DES with SHA1

In addition, the key generation and periodic rekeying done by IKE Diffie Hellman imposes a CPU burden. Therefore, consider the keying intervals for IKE and for IPsec that you choose during configuration. Less frequent rekeying reduces the burden on the CPU. Consider rekeying the Phase 1 (IKE) SAs less frequently than the IPsec SAs.

Finally, the packet size influences the performance of the router. Smaller packet sizes at a given data rate impose a greater processing load than larger packet sizes.

You can optimize performance by using the information in this section to plan and manage CPU resources. For example, BayRS IPsec on a BN can fill a 2 Mb/s WAN pipe with bidirectional DES encrypted traffic. Conversely, 3DES + SHA1 traffic with aggressive Phase 1 (IKE) and IPsec rekeying (for example, every 10 minutes) might cause significant performance degradation under heavy traffic loads.

You might experience SNMP timeouts during periods when the router is carrying peak loads of protected traffic.

IPsec Executable

To use the IPsec option, you must purchase a separate IPsec CD that contains either the 56-bit (DES) or both triple DES (3DES) and DES cryptographic API executable (*capi.exe*) for the BayRS software. Purchase the CD for the router software version you are running. Follow the instructions included with the CD or in *Configuring IPsec Services* to install the IPsec option.

Adding the IPsec File to the BayRS 15.0.0.0 Base Kernel

To use IPsec, you must use the Image Builder to add an IPsec file to the BayRS 15.0.0.0 base kernel. The IPsec file is located on a separate CD. To install IPsec, follow the instructions included with the IPsec CD. You do not have to modify or add anything to Site Manager.

Configuring IPsec and Bidirectional NAT on the Same Interface

Configuring Bidirectional NAT and IPsec on the same interfaces can cause DNS query packets to be dropped. Nortel Networks does not support this configuration.

NAT Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when configuring NAT:

Configuring NAT Dynamically

When you configure a local or global interface for NAT in dynamic mode, the router returns an SNMP set error. However, this error does not affect the configuration of the router.

ISP Mode Not Supported by NAT

NAT does not support the ISP mode feature. ISP mode is a BayRS global IP parameter that allows you to enable the BGP soloist and disable IP forwarding caches. By default, ISP mode is disabled in BayRS.

Configuring Bidirectional NAT

For multidomain NAT to work, in addition to configuring bidirectional NAT on the router, you must:

1. **Configure RIP2 on the NAT router interfaces and on each router with which the NAT router will be exchanging routing updates. Otherwise, you must configure static routes or a combination of RIP2 and static routes.**
2. **Install Domain Name System (DNS) server on a machine that is running UNIX or Windows NT and that has access to the NAT router. DNS server software is available from third-party suppliers and may be included with your operating system software.**
3. **Configure BayRS DNS proxy on each interface of a NAT router to be used for dynamic bidirectional translation. You do not need to configure DNS proxy for a static bidirectional network address translation.**
4. **Configure BayRS DNS client on each device that will be initiating traffic in the domains of your multidomain NAT configuration.**

Protocols/Configurations Not Supported by Bidirectional NAT

- OSPF
- BGP
- IPsec on the same interfaces configured for bidirectional NAT
- BayRS ECMP

OSPF Guidelines

If you are using Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) services, please keep the following guidelines in mind:

- As of BayRS Version 14.00, we do not support the OSPF backup soloist feature.
- According to RFC 2328, the cost of an OSPF route to an aggregated group of networks should be the distance to the furthest network in the group. A new MIB parameter, wfOspfAggrUseMaxCost, allows you to determine how to summarize the subnets using the area range. To use the furthest cost in the routing table, set this MIB to **1** (Enable). If you accept the default, **2** (Disable), the OSPF route cost is represented as the shortest path to a network within the aggregated group of networks.
- When OSPF is configured on a synchronous PPP interface using Site Manager, the interface type is set to Point-to-point rather than to the actual default, Broadcast.

Traffic Filters Guidelines

Follow these guidelines when configuring traffic filters:

- If you apply a traffic filter to a *multinetted interface* (that is, an interface with more than one IP address), the traffic filter might not work correctly. To ensure that the filter works correctly, you must assign the same filter to all of the IP addresses on the interface.
- Site Manager cannot understand traffic filters that you configured using the BCC.

- When implementing outbound traffic filters for LAN protocols, in some configurations the filters might cause a decline in throughput performance. For LAN circuits where the forwarding rate of the router is critical, monitor the throughput performance after configuring outbound traffic filters. If you notice an unacceptable performance degradation, try using inbound traffic filters.
- If you use Site Manager or the BCC to configure IP traffic filters with precedence values that are higher than the number of traffic filters configured, you might reach the maximum precedence value before you create the maximum number of filters. When you reach the maximum precedence value of 31 traffic filters, the router generates an error if you try to configure a filter with a precedence of 32. The system does not place you in extended filtering mode.

  For example, if you create the following five traffic filters, an error occurs when you create the fifth filter:

  Filter 1 precedence = 28

  Filter 2 precedence = 29

  Filter 3 precedence = 30

  Filter 4 precedence = 31

  Filter 5 precedence = 32 (error occurs here)

  As a workaround, you can take one of the following actions:

  -- Reassign the precedence value of traffic filters 1 through 5 to lower values.

  -- Use the Technician Interface to turn on extended filtering mode and let the system assign precedence values to additional traffic filters on the IP interface.

Downloading Internet Routes from an ISP

To minimize the time required to download routes from an Internet service provider (ISP), adjust two IP global parameters. Use the BCC to set the routing-table-indexes value to 10000 and the routing-table-deviation value to 50, as follows:

```
ip#routing-table-indexes 10000
ip#routing-table-deviation 50
```

See *Configuring IP, ARP, RARP, RIP, and OSPF Services* for more information about these commands.

Interoperability with Non-Compliant Implementations of PIM

This section describes compatibility issues that exist when running Protocol Independent Multicast (PIM) in a network that consists of both Nortel Networks routers and non-compliant implementations of PIM on routers.

Note: The term "non-compliant router" is used in the following sections to indicate routers (such as Cisco*) that run implementations of PIM that do not comply with all elements of RFC 2362.

Nortel Networks routers can be configured for compatibility with non-standard implementations of PIM at the RFC2362 Non-Compatibility parameter using Site Manager. For additional information see "Enabling and Disabling Router Compatibility with RFC 2362" in *Configuring IP Multicasting and Multimedia Services*.

Fragment Tagging in Bootstrap Messages

In a PIM network in which Nortel Networks and non-compliant routers interoperate, a non-compliant router sends bootstrap packets that contain a fragment tag set to a zero value. When the Nortel Networks router receives these packets, it treats them as duplicate packets and immediately drops them.

To enable a Nortel Networks router to accept bootstrap packets from a non-compliant router, select the PIM_BSR_ZERO_FRAGMENT_TAG option at the RFC2362 Non-Compatibility parameter using Site Manager.

Non-Compliant Router Drops RP Advertisement with Zero Prefix

If you configure a non-compliant router to serve as the bootstrap router (BSR) and you configure a Nortel Networks router to serve as an RP router for a PIM domain, the non-compliant router drops any RP advertisement packet it receives from the RP router that contains a zero group prefix count. As a result, the non-compliant router cannot advertise RP set information to all PIM routers in the domain.

To ensure that the non-compliant router sends advertisement messages to all multicast group ranges using address 224.0.0.0/4, select the PIM_RP_ZERO_PREFIX_COUNT option at the RFC2362 Non-Compatibility parameter using Site Manager. Selecting this option sends non-zero prefix count in RP advertisement messages.

Incorrect Computation of Checksum of PIM Register Messages

By default, Nortel Networks routers computes checksum on the PIM header only. Compatibility issues arise when Nortel Networks routers interoperate with non-compliant routers which compute checksum on the PIM header *and* data portion of the packet.

To enable checksum compatibility with a non-compliant router, select the PIM_REGISTER_CHECKSUM option at the RFC2362 Non-Compatibility parameter using Site Manager.

Routers Ignore RP Priority and Hash Value During RP Selection

You configure multiple RPs responsible for the same or overlapping group ranges in a PIM domain. For RPs responsible for the same group ranges, a non-compliant router selects the first RP on the RP list, regardless of the RP priority and hash value. For RPs responsible for overlapping group ranges, a non-compliant router selects the router with the most specific group range, regardless of the RP priority and hash value.

As a workaround, configure only one RP router for each unique group range. This allows the Nortel Networks router and the non-compliant router to select the same RP.

CES and TDM on Passport 5430 Only

The following features and parameters are supported for the Passport 5430 only:

- Circuit Emulation Services (CES)
- Time Division Multiplexing (TDM)
- Traffic Shaping parameters: Service Category, AAL Type, VBR Type, Congestion indication, Cell loss priority, Initial and Minimum Cell Rates, Cell rate increase and decrease factors

MPOA and VRRP over LANE Support

BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 does not support running both Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) and Multi-Protocol Over ATM (MPOA) over LAN Emulation (LANE).

FRE-2 DRAM Requirements

The FRE-2 processor card requires a minimum of 16 MB DRAM.

BayRS Bandwidth Broker for Differentiated Services

To implement a differentiated services network using a BayRS bandwidth broker, you must install the BayRS Bandwidth Broker, also known as the *policy server*, software on a PC running Microsoft Windows NT* 4.0. The Nortel Networks router that communicates with the bandwidth broker must be operating with BayRS Version 13.20 or later software.

To download the policy server software and learn how to configure it:

1. **Go to the Router Management Labs page at the following URL: *http://www.nortelnetworks.com/rml*.**
2. **Click on Software Solutions.**
3. **If you are a registered user, enter your email address. If not, register.**

   You see a list of solutions for which you can download software.
4. **Scroll through the list to locate the Policy Server.**

   From here you can download the software and the user manual.

Event Database

You can view the event database on the World Wide Web and the BayRS Online Library Version 15.0.0.0 CD. To access the event database on the World Wide Web, go to: http://www25.nortelnetworks.com/library/tpubs/events/

To access the event database on the BayRS Online Library Version 15.0.0.0 CD, follow the instructions in the CD booklet.

The event database includes a search facility that allows you to sort events by entity number, event number, severity, and text of the event message. For example, you can list only the warning messages for the IPX entity.

Protocol Statistics for MPLS

The HTTP Server interface contains a folder icon for displaying Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) statistics. The following table summarizes these statistics and how to get them using the HTTP Server interface.

Clicking on Statistics > Protocols > MPLS in the navigational frame reveals the following subordinate links: MLM Interface, MLM Sessions, MLM Connections, LDP Sessions, and LDP Information.

To see these statistics	Use this path
MLM Interface	Statistics > Protocols > MPLS > MLM Interfaces
MLM Sessions	Statistics > Protocols > MPLS > MLM Sessions
MLM Connections	Statistics > Protocols > MPLS > MLM Connections
LDP Sessions	Statistics > Protocols > MPLS > LDP Sessions
LDP Information	Statistics > Protocols > MPLS > LDP Information

BayRS Version Flash Memory Requirements

BayRS software ships on the following flash memory cards:

Platform	Flash Memory Required	Associated Software Suites
AN/ANH	16 MB	corp_suite, ip_access, office_suite
ARN	8 or 16 MB	corp_suite, ip_access, office_suite
ASN	16 MB	corp_suite, lan_suite, system_suite, wan_suite
BN	16 or 32 MB	atm_suite, corp_suite, corpfre2_suite, lan_suite, system_suite, vnr_suite, wan_suite
Passport 2430	16 MB	corp_suite, ip_access, office_suite

(continued)

Platform	Flash Memory Required	Associated Software Suites
Passport 5430	32 MB	corp_suite, ip_access, office_suite
System 5000	16 MB	corp_suite, lan_suite, system_suite, vnr_suite, wan_suite

Configuring PU 4 and SDLC Link Stations

If you use PU 4 devices with Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC) and modulo 128, set the SDLC parameters MAXOUT and MAXIN to 127. You see these parameters in the SDLC Link Station Configuration window. For instructions on setting these parameters, see *Configuring SDLC Services*.

Creating Multiple GRE Tunnels

When creating multiple GRE tunnels dynamically, you can configure a maximum of five point-to-point GRE tunnels. In multipoint configurations, you can configure 64 GRE tunnels per interface.

Protocol Prioritization No Call Filters and TCP Applications

Using a no call filter that applies to any TCP application can cause TCP to retransmit the filtered packet.

When two routers running a TCP application are connected using a demand line, and the demand line becomes inactive, the TCP application remains connected.

If a demand line configured with a no call filter goes down, the no call filter drops the TCP packet that matches the no call filter rule. Because TCP never receives an acknowledgment that the packet was dropped, the TCP application continues to retransmit that packet until the connection times out and the application stops operating.

Note: No call filters are specific to dial services. For additional information about traffic filters and protocol prioritization, see *Configuring Traffic Filters and Protocol Prioritization*.

Support for Strata-Flash Card

BayRS supports the Strata-Flash card on AN, ANH, ARN, ASN, and BN routers. For details about flash cards, see "Flash Memory Cards Supported" on page 57.

Adding SDLC Changes Serial Parameter Settings

When you configure SDLC on a serial interface, the router software automatically changes the values for the following serial parameters:

- cable type
- clock source
- internal clock speed
- signal mode

Defaults for serial parameters, without SDLC, are listed in Table 8.

Table 8. Default Settings for Serial Parameters without SDLC

Parameter	Default Setting
cable type	null
clock source	external
internal clock speed	clk64k
signal mode	balanced

After you add SDLC to an interface, the settings for the serial parameters change. The new settings are listed in Table 9.

Table 9. Default Settings for Serial Parameters with SDLC

Parameter	Default Setting
cable type	rs232
clock source	internal
internal clock speed	clk19200
signal mode	unbalanced

IPv6 Supported on ATM PVCs

BayRS supports IPv6. You can configure IPv6 using Site Manager on an ATM PVC interface.

Configuring RADIUS Servers

To enable RADIUS authentication for multilevel access or to use vendor-specific attributes (VSAs), you must configure the BSAC RADIUS server with the following files:

- bayrs.dct
- vendor.ini
- dictiona.dcm

These files load at server startup and enable the server to recognize the vendor-specific RADIUS clients. You can locate these files in the *bsac* directory on the BayRS Router and Site Manager Software update CD.

- To configure a Nortel Networks RADIUS server, copy the three files to the directory that you define at installation time (typically C:\RADIUS\Service).
- To configure a non-Nortel Networks RADIUS server, use the bayrs.dct file as a reference to change the existing RADIUS dictionary. Because bayrs.dct is in the format of some popular RADIUS servers, you might be able to use it as a direct replacement for the existing RADIUS dictionary. For more information, see the vendor's documentation.

Note: To use RADIUS with IP utilities such as FTP, NTP, HTTP, and Telnet, your RADIUS server must support VSAs.

The RADIUS dictionary file (bayrs.dct) defines the Nortel Networks vendor-specific attributes. The Nortel Networks vendor ID is 1584, as allocated by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority. Use this ID in the header when using VSAs.

For more information on	See this document
RADIUS	*Configuring RADIUS*
BaySecure Access Control	BaySecure Access Control Administration Guide (for your specific platform: UNIX, NetWare, or Windows NT)
Multilevel Access	*Using the Bay Command Console (BCC)*

Operating Limitations and Cautions

Be aware of the following limitations and cautions when using BayRS 15.0.0.0.

ATM Services

The following limitations exist for ATM services in BayRS:

- Failover and load balancing for ATM VCs is not supported. You can configure multiple ATM virtual circuits (VCs) to the same destination address. However, this kind of configuration does not provide load balancing or failover support.
- The ATM traffic parameter maximum burst size (MBS) is not supported.
- Differentiated Services Queue Management and Scheduling (DSQMS) is not supported in ATM.
- Using the BCC to delete an ATM interface or a service record with more than 570 PVCs can cause a watchdog timeout on the router. To prevent this from occurring on configurations with more than 570 PVCs, use Site Manager to delete the interface, or use the BCC to delete the PVCs before you delete the ATM interface.
- If there is a loss of signal to a router during a period of heavy traffic, the ATM interface on the router might stop functioning. If the ATM interface stops functioning, you must reboot the router to recover.

- The following three MIB attributes: wfAtmizerVclRxOctets, wfAtmizerVclTxOctets, and wfAtmizerVclTxClipFrames. Ignore the values that these statistics return.
- On the ARE, BayRS does not release virtual channel connections when they time out. To maintain the availability of VCCs for new activities, configure a LAN emulation client (LEC) other than the router to release the inactive VCCs.

APPN

The value configured for the Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking (APPN) TG Number parameter in Site Manager is not being used; the TG number on a link station is being auto-negotiated.

BCC

If a context is deleted and re-created in the same BCC source file, unexpected results may occur. The create/delete MIB is set to deleted when issuing the deletion, but it is not reset to created when re-configuring the context.

DLSw — SDLC Fast and Slow Poll Timer Defaults

If you have a router performing SDLC to LLC conversion, and you use the default values for the SDLC parameters Fast Poll Timer and Slow Poll Timer, SDLC controller performance is degraded. To avoid this problem, change the Fast Poll Timer to 200 and the Slow Poll Timer to 400. Changing these settings improves performance for both single- and dual-switch DLSw configurations in which the router acts as an SDLC primary device. Depending on the number of SDLC controllers you are supporting, you may need to increase or decrease the numbers to improve controller response time and router performance.

Deleting a Hybrid Mode Permanent Virtual Circuit (PVC)

If you configure SRB on a router, do not delete hybrid mode PVCs. Otherwise, all slots will restart.

DSQMS

The following limitations exist for DSQMS services in BayRS:

- Queue starvation can occur despite priority-time-quantum settings. Queues with the same priority level and priority-time-quantum settings may nevertheless experience queue starvation if one of the queues is bandwidth-heavy.

  To address this condition you can configure traffic policing for the bandwidth-heavy traffic flow to an acceptable rate for its assigned DSQMS Priority Queue. Configure traffic policing before the DSQMS outbound interface to control UDP as well as TCP flows.

- DSQMS is not supported with Protocol Priority Queuing (PPQ).

DVMRP — Specifying the Lifetime of a Prune Message

The lifetime of a prune message which DVMRP sends to a neighbor should never be *greater* than the forward cache time-to-live set for the same circuit. These values are set at the following parameters in the BCC and Site Manager respectively:

Related BCC Parameters

prune-lifetime
fwd-cache-timeout

Related Site Manager Parameters

Prune Life Time
Forward Cache TTL

For additional information see “Customizing DVMRP on an Interface” in the *Configuring IP Multicasting and Multimedia Services* manual.

DLSw/APPN Boundary Port Use with AS400s and Others

Do not configure any explicit APPN adjacent link stations on the DLSw/APPN boundary (VCCT) port, unless you are certain that the adjacent link station (for example, an AS400) will not attempt to connect to the APPN node. Otherwise, the DLSw/APPN boundary (VCCT) function fails to operate correctly and the router might restart.

DVMRP Use with Interfaces with More than One IP Address

You cannot use the BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 implementation of Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP) with circuits with multinetted interfaces (that is, interfaces with more than one IP address).

FireWall-1 Services

The following problems can occur while using FireWall-1 services in BayRS:

- Check Point Log Viewer displays the incorrect time which is approximately one hour behind. For example, if the correct time is 12:17, the Log Viewer displays the time as 11:17. Log events from the management station (or fw daemon) display the correct time.
- Check Point Log Viewer incorrectly reports that a router has stopped logging. You can ignore the “Stopped Logging” message whenever the logging continues uninterrupted.
- You cannot define an address range for source and destination addresses for a FireWall-1 Security policy.
- You cannot disable FireWall-1 dynamically using the BCC even though the legal values for the state object of firewall are listed as enabled and disabled.
- FireWall-1 is not supported for the Passport 2430 or Passport 5430.
- Running the GUI version of Packet Capture (UNIX or Windows) connected to an interface with Firewall-1 services configured may result in tag violations on several slots.

Flash Compaction or Extensive File Management Use on ARE

Do not perform a flash compaction or extensive file management on a busy or production ARE module. Doing so may cause a fault in the module.

Frame Relay Services

One element of the frame relay SAP translation feature that directs multiple client connection requests to a single destination MAC address over a single SVC is not available. This issue affects frame relay services configured with DLSw and LLC2 running either BNN_PVC or BNN_SVC. This restriction applies to frame relay services configured using either the BCC or Site Manager.

GRE Services

If a Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) tunnel is configured with an incorrect remote physical IP address, and the IP address is then corrected, the GRE tunnel does not come up as expected. This condition occurs when you configure a GRE tunnel using either the BCC or Site Manager.

However, the following workaround is available. To change the remote physical IP address to a valid IP address for a GRE tunnel, first delete and then re-create the adjacent host entry (IP) or the static host entry (IPX) for that connection.

IPSec Services

If you change the setting of the router's Internet Protocol Security (IPSec) feature (MIB variable wfIpIntFCfgEnableSecurity) from Disabled to Enabled, the router loses its IP connection. You must reboot the router to recover.

IP Services

If you disable the IP directed broadcast feature while configuring a router, a global reset of IP occurs, resulting in a temporary outage and the closing of all IP utility sessions such as TCP and Telnet.

ISDN-BRI – Configuring B Channels on the ARN and Passport 2430

The ARN and Passport 2430 can use only three B channels. If you select 2B + D service for one BRI interface, you must use 1B + D service for the second interface.

MIBs

- The MIB-II ifIndex is incorrect after you delete a circuit, causing problems with Omniview. The router creates MIB-II attributes when you create circuits on the router platform. The MIB-II attributes include the ifNumber, which is the number of network interfaces (regardless of their current state) present on the system, and the ifIndex, which is a unique value for each interface (the ifIndex value is in the range from 1 through the value of ifNumber).

  If you dynamically delete a circuit on the router, the MIB-II attribute ifNumber decreases by 1. If you check the IfIndex, the result will be noncontiguous. When the router is polled for ifNumber, it shows the correct value but when the ifIndex is polled, there is a chance that there are indexes/circuits outside the correct range.

  The result is that SNMP management stations such as Omniview will display an error.

- If a router receives a Breath of Life (BofL) packet, the router considers it an unknown protocol. The router increments the MIB entry that tracks unknown protocols each time an interface receives a BofL packet, wfIfEntry.wfIfInUnknownProtos. However, you can disable BofL packets for the interface as a workaround to this problem.

NAT Services

The following limitations exist for NAT services in BayRS:

- NAT does not operate in IP ISP Mode. To avoid this problem you should disable the global IP ISP mode parameter.
- NAT and IPsec cannot interoperate with overlapping source IP address ranges, because NAT takes precedence. IPsec cannot process a source address that is also in a NAT address range. However, the following workarounds are available:

  For UNIX systems, you can separate IP hosts on the networks into two groups: a NAT-only group and an IPsec-only group. You can then use the multinetted interfaces or two network interface cards on a host to establish these two logical groups on one physical host.

  You can also configure NAT and IPsec on different devices so that one BayRS router runs IPsec and another BayRS router runs NAT.

- If you are using BayRS version 14.20 or later, you must use version 14.20 or later of the nat.bat script file.
- NAT cannot handle more than 600 dynamic translations at an inter-packet rate of less than 10 milliseconds. For inter-packet rates of 10 milliseconds or greater, NAT successfully handles 1500 dynamic translations per slot.
- If you are using NAT and FireWall-1 on the same router, the FTP application does not work correctly using port 20.

OSI Services

You cannot filter OSI over X.25 with a user-defined filter.

Passport 2430 and Passport 5430

The following limitations exist on the Passport 2430 and/or Passport 5430 platforms:

- RMON and Mini-RMON are not supported in the Passport 2430. RMON is not supported on the Passport 5430.
- Passport 5430 does not support any LAN emulation services (LANE or MPOA).
- Passport 2430 does not support ATM, except for ATM DXI.
- Hi/fn* LZS* data compression is not supported on either the Passport 2430 or Passport 5430 platforms. However, Hi/fn data compression is supported on all other BayRS platforms.
- X.25 is not supported for the Passport 2430 and 5430.
- If you want to run either of the following protocols/configurations on the Passport 2430, you must upgrade the router to 32 MB of dynamic RAM (DRAM):

  – Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking (APPN)

  – IP with MTU size greater than 2048 bytes on the Passport 2430

- Passport 5430 Ethernet flow control on the 10/100 Ethernet module does not function correctly when the flow control pause time in the received MAC control frame is set to 65535 (the default value). When the router receives a control frame with a pause time value of 65535, it begins retransmitting data prematurely. However, the following workaround is available. Reset the Flow Control Pause Time parameter in Site Manager, or the fc-pause-time parameter in the BCC, to a value from 32 through 65534.
- The BCC CES admin-status parameter does not work on the Passport 5430. If you attempt to disable the CES PVC using the BCC admin-status down command, the CES circuit continues to pass traffic. However, the following workaround is available. To disable the CES PVC, go back one level in the BCC and enter state disabled. To reenable the CES PVC, go back one level and enter state enabled.

RIP Export Filters

Setting the From Protocols parameter for a RIP export filter to any value other than the "Any" option causes the filter to fail. Consequently, the RIP export route filter does not work if you specify any of the following options: RIP, EGP, OSPF, Direct, Static, or BGP-3. To avoid this problem, be sure to use the "Any" option when configuring all RIP export filters.

show ip routes Displays Partial Information in the Technician Interface

For a router configuration encompassing IP equal cost routes, the **show ip routes** command in Technician Interface displays partial information only.

When using the Technician Interface, you must use the following command to retrieve all equal-cost routes and show the complete routing table information:

ip routes -A

Signal Ports Settings on a Switch and Router Conflict

If you are using a switch with signal ports set to V3.1, be sure to set the signaling setting on the router to V3.1. If you accept the default setting of V3.0 for the router, the router faults repeatedly until you change the setting to V3.1.

Sync

If the cable is removed from any synchronous port except octal sync on a BN, the router gives no indication of the problem and the link remains active. The configured WAN protocol closes all connections when the synchronous line driver detects connection signal lost. To prevent this problem, enable the Sync Polling parameter (Configuration Manager -> Edit Line -> Edit Sync Parameters).

SYSLOG

The status of syslog changes to down when you set the slot-lower-bound and slot-upper-bound parameters to the same value (same slot) on a BN router platform. Both syslog and filter logging terminate operation. However, the following workaround is available. Do not set the slot-lower-bound and slot-upper-bound parameters to the same value.

TFTP

If you try to use the Router File Manager to TFTP a file to the router from a Windows directory that includes long names and spaces, the transfer fails. To prevent this problem, move the file you want to send to a directory with a simple name of no more than 15 bytes and no space characters.

Unnumbered IP Interfaces

You cannot use the disable and enable scripts on unnumbered IP interfaces. The scripts do not allow an interface IP address format specifying both the IP address 0.0.0.0 and the circuit number. However, you can use Site Manager or the Technician Interface to disable unnumbered IP interfaces.

VRRP Over LANE

Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) over LAN Emulation (LANE) and Multi-Protocol Over ATM (MPOA) are not supported on the same service record.

WAN Encryption

DES-40 WAN Encryption Option (WEP) or DES-56 WEP are no longer supported on any BayRS platform. However, BayRS will support backward compatibility with earlier versions of BayRS that are currently running WEP. We recommend that you use Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) services for security.

WCP

WCP for PPP Multilink

If you configure an existing PPP/WCP non-multilink circuit for multilink (on BayRS Version 12.10 or later) and the CCP Type parameter is set to CCP, WCP must be deleted and re-added to the circuit to negotiate WCP above the bundle.

See *Configuring Data Compression Services* for additional information.

Adding Bandwidth on Demand Disables WCP Data Compression

Adding Bandwidth on Demand to a PRI circuit disables WCP data compression. The call comes up and traffic flows, but WCP never creates a VC and does not compress traffic.

Protocols Supported

BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 supports the following bridging/routing protocols and router configuration features:

- Advanced Peer-to-Peer Networking (APPN)
- AppleTalk and AppleTalk Update Routing Protocol (AURP)
- Asynchronous transfer mode (ATM)
- ATM Data Exchange Interface (ATM DXI)
- ATM Half Bridge (AHB)
- ATM LAN Emulation (802.3 and 802.5)
- Bandwidth Allocation Protocol (BAP)
- Binary Synchronous Communication Type 3 (BSC3)
- Bisync over TCP (BOT)

- Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP-3 and BGP-4)
- Circuit Emulation Services (CES) for Passport 5430 only
- Classless interdomain routing (CIDR)
- Data compression (WCP and Hi/fn)
- Data link switching (DLSw)
- DECnet Phase IV
- Differentiated services (except on ATM)
- Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP)
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
- Exterior Gateway Protocol-2 (EGP-2)
- File Transfer Protocol (FTP)
- Frame relay (PVC, SVC)
- HP Probe
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP)
- Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN)
- Interface redundancy (proprietary)
- Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
- Internet Gateway Management Protocol (IGMP)
- Internet Key Exchange (IKE)
- Internet Packet Exchange (IPX)
- Internet Protocol (IP)
- Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6)
- Internet Stream Protocol (ST2)
- IP Security (IPsec)
- IPsec Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)
- IPv6 PPP Control Protocol (IPv6CP)
- Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)

- Learning bridge
- Logical Link Control 2 (LLC2)
- Multicast OSPF (MOSPF)
- Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS)
- Multiprotocol Over ATM (MPOA)
- Native Mode LAN (NML)
- Network Time Protocol (NTP)
- Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
- Open Systems Interconnection (OSI)
- Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)
- Polled Asynch (PAS), also called Asynch Passthru over TCP
- Protocol prioritization
- Qualified Logical Link Control (QLLC)
- RaiseDTR dialup
- Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)
- Resource Reservation Protocol (RSVP)
- Router discovery (RDISC)
- Router redundancy (proprietary)
- Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
- Service Advertisement Protocol (SAP)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
- Source route bridging (SRB)
- Source route bridging over ATM permanent virtual circuits (PVCs)
- Spanning tree
- Switched Multimegabit Data Service (SMDS)
- Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC)
- Telnet (inbound and outbound)
- Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) for Passport 5430 only

- Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- Transparent bridge
- Transparent-to-source routing translation bridge
- Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
- V.25bis dialup
- Virtual Network Systems (VINES)
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)
- X.25 with QLLC
- Xerox Network System (XNS)
- XMODEM and YMODEM

Standards Supported

Table 10 lists the Request For Comments (RFCs) and other standards documents with which Version 15.0.0.0 complies. BayRS Version 15.0.0.0 might support additional standards that are not listed in this table.

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0

Standard	Description
ANSI T1.107b-1991	Digital Hierarchy -- Supplement to formats specifications
ANSI T1.404	DS3 Metallic Interface Specification
ANSI X3t9.5	Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI)
Bellcore FR-440	Transport Systems Generic Requirements (TSGR)
Bellcore TR-TSY-000009	Asynchronous Digital Multiplexes, Requirements, and Objectives
Bellcore TR-TSY-000010	Synchronous DS3 Add-Drop Multiplex (ADM 3/X) Requirements and Objectives
FIPS 46-2	Data Encryption Standard (DES)
FIPS 81	DES Modes of Operation (ECB, CBC)

(continued)

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0 *(continued)*

Standard	Description
IEEE 802.1	Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.1Q	IEEE 802.1Q VLAN tagging
IEEE 802.3	Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD)
IEEE 802.5	Token Ring Access Method and Physical Layer Specifications
IEEE 802.1D	Spanning Tree Bridges
ITU Q.921	ISDN Layer 2 Specification
ITU Q.931	ISDN Layer 3 Specification
ITU X.25	Interface between data terminal equipment (DTE) and data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuits
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 813	Window and Acknowledgment Strategy in TCP
RFC 826	Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol
RFC 827	Exterior Gateway Protocol (EGP)
RFC 854	Telnet Protocol Specification
RFC 855	Telnet Option Specification
RFC 856	Telnet Binary Transmission
RFC 857	Telnet Echo Option
RFC 858	Telnet Suppress Go Ahead Option
RFC 859	Telnet Status Option
RFC 860	Telnet Timing Mark Option
RFC 861	Telnet Extended Options: List Option
RFC 863	Discard Protocol
RFC 877	Transmission of IP Datagrams over Public Data Networks
RFC 879	TCP Maximum Segment Size and Related Topics
RFC 888	"STUB" Exterior Gateway Protocol
RFC 894	Transmission of IP Datagrams over Ethernet Networks

(continued)

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0 *(continued)*

Standard	Description
RFC 896	Congestion Control in IP/TCP Internetworks
RFC 903	Reverse Address Resolution Protocol
RFC 904	Exterior Gateway Protocol Formal Specification
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet Datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet Datagrams in Subnets
RFC 925	Multi-LAN Address Resolution
RFC 950	Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol
RFC 959	File Transfer Protocol
RFC 994	Protocol for Providing the Connectionless-Mode Network Service
RFC 1009	Requirements for Internet Gateways
RFC 1027	Using ARP to Implement Transparent Subnet Gateways
RFC 1042	Transmission of IP over IEEE/802 Networks
RFC 1058	Routing Information Protocol
RFC 1075	Distance Vector Multicast Routing Protocol (DVMRP)
RFC 1076	Redefinition of Managed Objects for IEEE 802.3 Repeater Devices (AN hubs only)
RFC 1079	Telnet Terminal Speed Option
RFC 1084	BOOTP Vendor Information Extensions
RFC 1091	Telnet Terminal-Type Option
RFC 1108	Security Options for the Internet Protocol
RFC 1112	Host Extensions for IP Multicasting Appendix I, Internet Group Management Protocol
RFC 1116	Telnet Line-Mode Option
RFC 1139	Echo Function for ISO 8473
RFC 1155	Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based Internets
RFC 1157	Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
RFC 1163	BGP-2 (obsoleted by RFC 1267)
RFC 1164	Application of BGP in the Internet
RFC 1166	Internet Numbers

(continued)

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0 *(continued)*

Standard	Description
RFC 1188	Proposed Standard for the Transmission of IP over FDDI
RFC 1191	Path MTU Discovery
RFC 1209	Transmission of IP Datagrams over SMDS
RFC 1212	Concise MIB Definitions
RFC 1213	MIB for Network Management of TCP/IP-Based Internets
RFC 1267	Border Gateway Protocol 3 (BGP-3; obsoletes RFC 1163)
RFC 1293	Inverse ARP for Frame Relay (obsoleted by RFC 2390)
RFC 1294	Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay (obsoleted by RFC 1490 and RFC 2427)
RFC 1304	Definition of Managed Objects for the SIP Interface Type
RFC 1305	Network Time Protocol
RFC 1321	MDS Digest Algorithm
RFC 1323	TCP Extensions for High Performance
RFC 1331	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP; obsoleted by RFC 1661)
RFC 1332	PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP)
RFC 1333	PPP Link Quality Monitoring (obsoleted by RFC 1989)
RFC 1334	PPP Authentication Protocols
RFC 1350	The TFTP Protocol (Revision 2)
RFC 1356	Multiprotocol Interconnect on X.25 and ISDN in the Packet Mode
RFC 1376	PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol (DNCP)
RFC 1377	OSI over PPP
RFC 1378	PPP AppleTalk Control Protocol (ATCP)
RFC 1390	Transmission of IP and ARP over FDDI Networks
RFC 1403	BGP OSPF Interaction
RFC 1434	Data Link Switching: Switch-to-Switch Protocol
RFC 1483	Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM AAL5
RFC 1490	Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay (obsoletes RFC 1294, obsoleted by RFC 2427)
RFC 1541	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
RFC 1552	The PPP Internetwork Packet Exchange Control Protocol (IPXCP)

(continued)

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0 *(continued)*

Standard	Description
RFC 1577	Classical IP and ARP over ATM
RFC 1585	MOSPF: Analysis and Experience
RFC 1634	Novell IPX over Various WAN Media (IPXWAN)
RFC 1638	PPP Bridging Control Protocol (BCP)
RFC 1654	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4; obsoleted by RFC 1771)
RFC 1661	Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP; obsoletes RFC 1331)
RFC 1662	PPP in HDLC-like Framing
RFC 1717	PPP Multilink Protocol (MP; obsoleted by RFC 1990)
RFC 1755	Signaling Support for IP over ATM
RFC 1757	Remote Network Monitoring Management Information Base (RMON), for AN, ANH, and ARN equipped with data collection module only
RFC 1762	PPP Banyan VINES Control Protocol (BVCP)
RFC 1763	PPP DECnet Phase IV Control Protocol (DNCP)
RFC 1764	PPP XNS IDP Control Protocol (XNSCP)
RFC 1771	Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4; obsoletes RFC 1654)
RFC 1795	Data Link Switching: Switch-to-Switch Protocol, Version 1
RFC 1819	Internet Stream Protocol, Version 2
RFC 1974	PPP Stac LZS Compression Protocol
RFC 1989	PPP Link Quality Monitoring (obsoletes RFC 1333)
RFC 1990	PPP Multilink Protocol (MP; obsoletes RFC 1717)
RFC 2068	HTTP Version 1.1
RFC 2069	An extension to HTTP: Digest Access Authentication
RFC 2104	HMAC: Keyed-Hashing for Message Authentication
RFC 2138	Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS)
RFC 2139	RADIUS Accounting
RFC 2166	Data Link Switching, Version 2.0, Enhancements
RFC 2205	Resource ReSerVation Protocol (RSVP) -- Version 1 Functional Specification
RFC 2328	OSPF Version 2
RFC 2338	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol
RFC 2385	Protection of BGP Sessions via the TCP MD5 Signature Option

(continued)

Table 10. Standards Supported by Version 15.0.0.0 *(continued)*

Standard	Description
RFC 2390	Inverse Address Resolution Protocol (obsoletes RFC 1293)
RFC 2403	Use of HMAC-MD5-96 within ESP and AH
RFC 2404	Use of HMAC-SHA-1-96 within ESP and AH
RFC 2405	ESP DES-CBC Cipher Algorithm with Explicit IV
RFC 2406	IP Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP)
RFC 2407	Internet IP Security Domain of Interpretation for ISAKMP
RFC 2409	Internet Key Exchange (IKE)
RFC 2410	NULL Encryption Algorithm and Its Use with IPsec
RFC 2427	Multiprotocol Interconnect over Frame Relay (obsoletes RFC 1294 and RFC 1490)
RFC 2451	ESP CBC-Mode Cipher Algorithms
VINES 4.11	BayRS works with the Banyan VINES 4.11 standard. BayRS Version 8.10 (and later) also supports VINES 5.50 sequenced routing.

Flash Memory Cards Supported

You use Personal Computer Memory Card International Association (PCMCIA) flash memory cards to store the software image and the configuration files in Nortel Networks routers.

Note: The Passport 2430 and 5430 platforms support 5-volt flash memory cards only. All other BayRS router platforms support both the 5-volt and 12-volt flash memory cards. See “Approved Flash Memory Cards” for the flash memory requirements by platform.

Table 11 lists the flash memory cards approved for use.

Table 11. Approved Flash Memory Cards

Size	Vendor	Part Number
4 MB	Advanced Micro Devices (AMD)	AMC004CFLKA-150
	AMP	797262-3
		797263-2
	Centennial	FL04M-20-11119
		FL04M-20-11138
		FL04M-20-11119-61
		FL04M-20-11119-67
	Epson	HWB401BNX2
	IBM	IBM1700400D1DA-25
	Intel	IMC004FLSAQ1381
8 MB	AMD	AMC008CFLKA-150
		AMC008CFLKA-200
		AMC008CFLKA-250
		AMC008DFLKA-150
		AMC008DFLKA-200
		AMC008DFLKA-250
	Centennial	FL08M-25-11119-01
		FL08M-15-11119-01
		FL08M-20-11138
		FL08M-20-11119-01
		FL08M-20-11119-61
		FL08M-20-11119-67
	Centennial (Strata-Flash)	FL08M-20-11736-J5-61
	Epson	HWB801BNX0
	Intel	IMC008FLSP/Q1422
16 MB	Epson	HWB161BNX2
	Centennial (Strata-Flash)	FL16M-20-11736-J5-61
		FL16M-20-11119-61
		FL16M-20-11119-67

Table 11. Approved Flash Memory Cards *(continued)*

Size	Vendor	Part Number
32 MB	Centennial	FL32M-20-11119-61
		FL32M-20-11119-67
		FL32M-20-11736-J5-61